

# Neighborhood Revitalization

Strategically addressing blight and vacancy through the use of market data



MML Capital Conference March 22, 2016

#### About us



#### **Center for Community Progress**

- We are the only national nonprofit solely focused on building a future in which entrenched, systemic blight and vacancy no longer exist.
- We serve communities through policy development, technical assistance, leadership development, education, and research.
- National Reclaiming Vacant Properties Conference: September 28-30, 2016 in Baltimore.
- Place-based approach in Michigan and Louisiana.
- Member of the Michigan Vacant Property Campaign (MVPC)

# **MI Blight Elimination Guidebook**



- Created by the Michigan Vacant Property Campaign (MVPC)
- Online guide for Michigan municipal leaders interested in developing a strategy to more effectively address blight with limited resources. It outlines the major steps to create a blight elimination plan and centralizes many resources on blight elimination tools, partners, and funding sources.
- Visit <u>www.miblightguidebook.org</u>



# Speakers

#### **MARKETS**

Payton Heins
Center for
Community
Progress

#### **DETROIT**

Robert Linn
Detroit Land Bank
Authority

### **BATTLE CREEK**

Chris Lussier
City of Battle
Creek

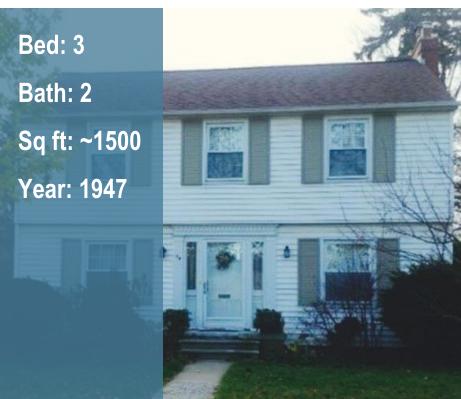
































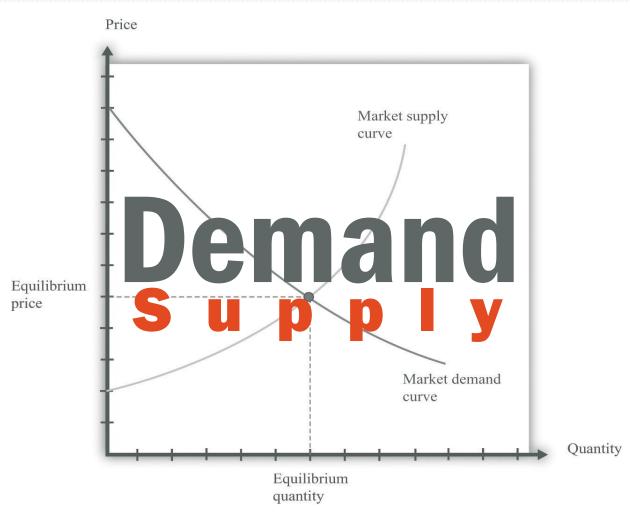






# Impacts of demand





#### As demand increases...



Sales prices

Homeownership

Improvements

Rehab

Infill

Vacancy

Abandonment

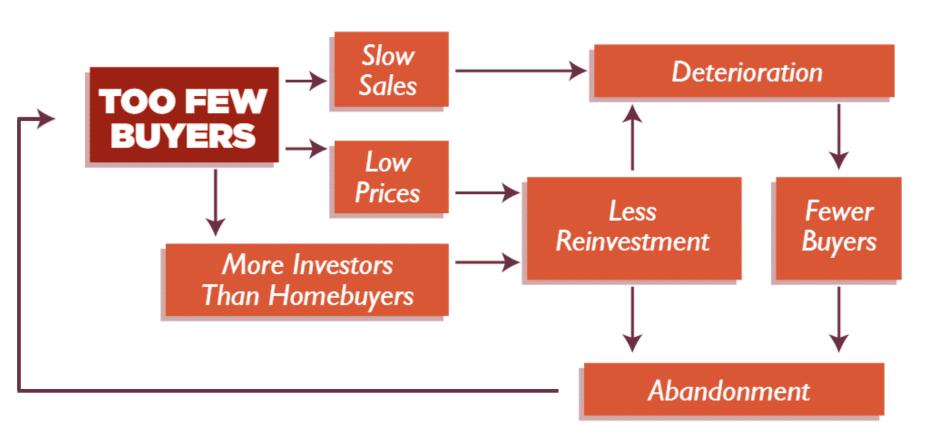
Maintenance

Tax delinquency

Absentee ownership

# Vicious Cycle of Low Demand









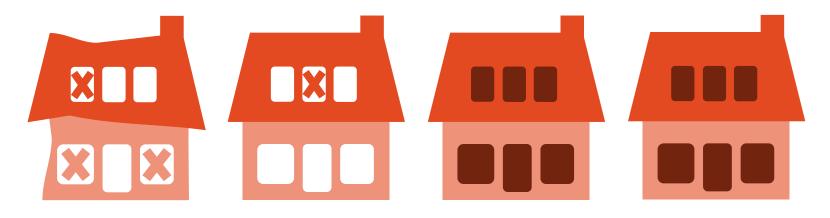


#### Our work



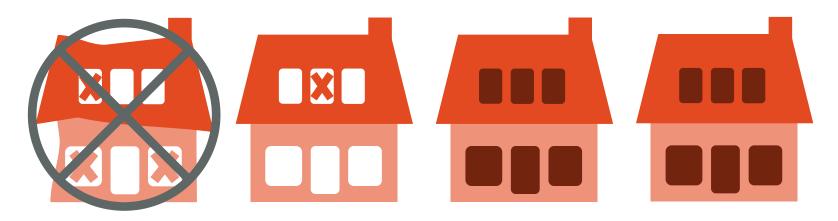
# Neighborhood stabilization and revitalization

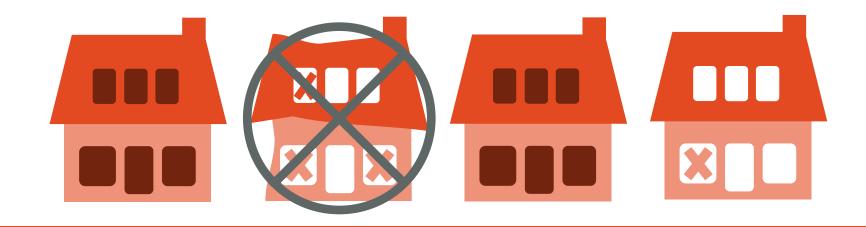




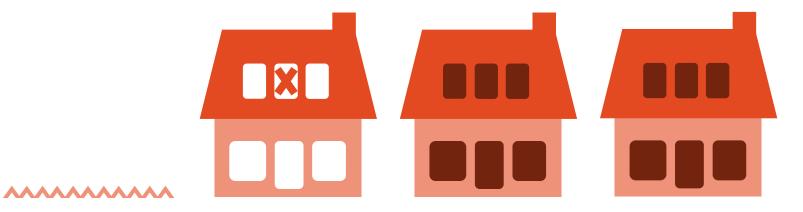












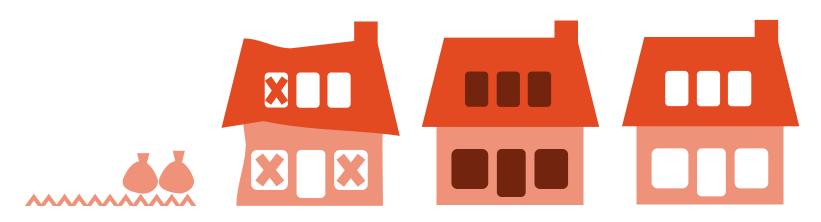


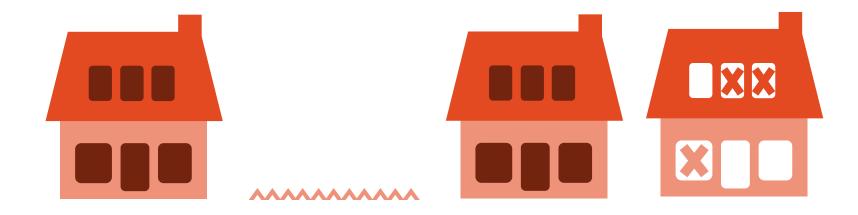
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# BLIGHT IS A SYMPTOM NOT THE UNDERLYING ISSUE

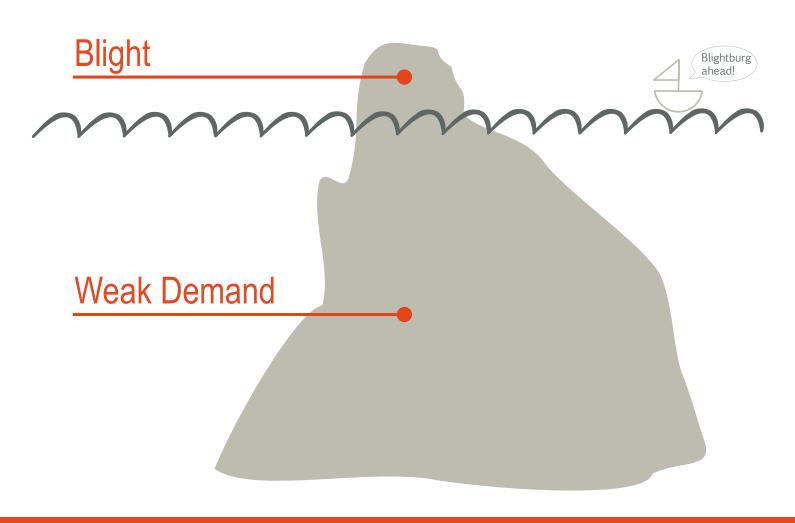






# **Underlying issue**





#### Our work



# Neighborhood stabilization and revitalization

#### Our work



# Understand markets and be strategic







#### Market data ...



#### Tell us how well the market is working

- Volume do houses sell?
- Price what do houses sell for?
- Buyers who is buying: homeowners or investors?

#### Describe what affects the market

- Is crime high?
- Are owners current with property taxes?
- Are foreclosures high?
- How many vacant houses are there in the area?

# (Some) indicators of decline



- Declining property conditions
- Low rates of home purchase mortgages (more cash sales)
- Declining homeownership
- Low sales prices
- Increased mortgage foreclosures
- Increased tax delinquency / foreclosures
- Utility usage drops / increased vacancy rate





#### Local data sources - Governmental

**Assessment data**: vacancy, owner occupancy, owner type, property values, etc

**Deeds data**: transaction types, transaction volumes, mortgages, foreclosures, sales

Buildings data: dangerous buildings, code violations, rentals, permits

Tax records: delinquency information

Police/Fire data: property crime, arson, hot spots

Other: e.g. water usage



#### Local data sources – Non Governmental

Private utility data: e.g. gas or electricity shut offs or usage drops

Multiple Listing Service: listing prices, sales types, days on market



#### National/standardized data sources

The Census <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/">http://factfinder.census.gov/</a>

American Community Survey <a href="http://factfinder.census.gov/">http://factfinder.census.gov/</a>

Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA) <a href="http://www.ffiec.gov/hmdaadwebreport/aggwelcome.aspx">http://www.ffiec.gov/hmdaadwebreport/aggwelcome.aspx</a>

US Postal Service <a href="https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/usps.html">https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/usps.html</a>

On-The-Map <a href="http://onthemap.ces.census.gov/">http://onthemap.ces.census.gov/</a> or PolicyMap <a href="http://onthemap.ces.census.gov/">www.policymap.com</a>

Urban Institute's List of National Data Sets with Small-Area Data <a href="http://www.neighborhoodindicators.org/sites/default/files/publications/table\_natdata\_0.xls">http://www.neighborhoodindicators.org/sites/default/files/publications/table\_natdata\_0.xls</a>



#### Parcel surveys

Data gaps and inaccuracy driving local survey work

Data on vacancy, physical condition, fire damage, etc

Use of smartphones/tablets and GPS-enabled cameras resulting in more efficient surveying (e.g. ESRI's Photo Survey, Local Data's survey app, Loveland Technology's Blexting app)

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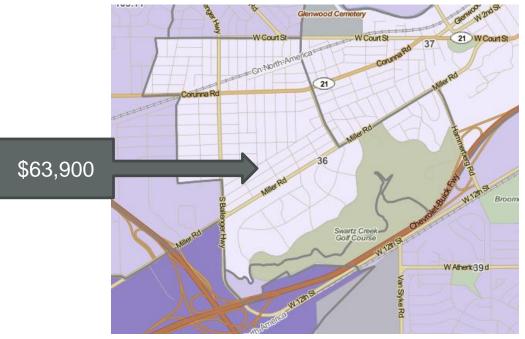
#### Other considerations



#### Point source vs. aggregated data

- Aggregated data can mask submarket variation
- Seek data granularity where feasible

Median housing value, census tract



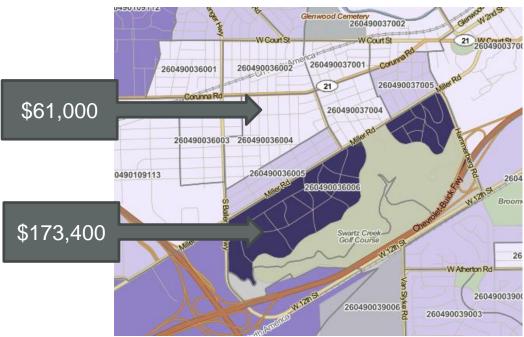
#### Other considerations



#### Point source vs. aggregated data

- Aggregated data can mask submarket variation
- Seek data granularity where feasible

Median housing value, block group



#### Other considerations



#### Finding assistance

- Look for partners that can provide data, tech services, equipment, or expertise
- Government, academia, and private sector

#### Do more with less

- Visualization, geocoding and aggregation sites (e.g. Policy Map, batchgeo)
- Volunteer-based efforts

# What do you do with the data?



#### **Examine spatial patterns: Where are issues located?**

- Where are the highest and lowest sales prices?
- Where are the highest and lowest numbers of property sales?
- Where is vacancy clustered?
- Do property condition issues follow the spatial pattern of vacancy?
- Are the demolition-condition properties in one geography or multiple?

#### **Examine trends: How are things changing over time?**

- Are sales and prices increasing or decreasing and at what rate?
- Has the type of ownership changed?
- Are there areas where vacancy has increased or decreased faster than the general rate for the municipality?
- Have property conditions been trending up or down?
- Are there areas where property conditions have steeply declined or improved?

# What do you do with the data?



#### **Examine market types: What areas have similarities?**

- How do an area's market indicators compare to the rest of the city's?
- What areas have similar characteristics?
- Where are the strong, functioning, transitional, constrained, weak, etc submarkets?



# Sample Market Typologies



#### Trenton Neighborhood Conditions Study Neighborhood Condition Composite Score Map

Neighborhood Condition Composite Score

Class 1

Class 2

Class 3

**Non-Residential Areas** 

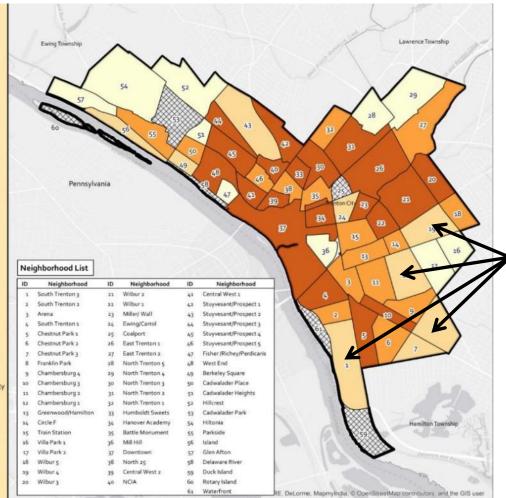
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Analysis by:
New Jersey Community Capital, Center for Community
Progress, and the Joseph C. Cornwall Center for
Metropolitan Studies, Rutgers University-Newark
Map Prepared by:
The Joseph C. Cornwall Center for

Metropolitan Studies, Rutgers University-Newark

0 0.5 1 Miles





Moderately Strong (class 2) areas

# **Sample Market Typologies**



MODERATELY STRONG	Foreclosure filings	Investor purchases	Low sales prices	Vacant houses	Violent crime	Tax delinquency	Low homeownership rate
Berkeley Square	5			3			
Chambersburg 1	3	4	3		5		4
Chestnut Park 3	3	4	3				
Ewing/Carroll		3				3	3
Franklin Park	3	4	3		3		3
Hillcrest	3						
Island		5	3				
South Trenton 3		5	4				4
Stuyvesant/Prospect 2		4	4		4		
Wilbur 4	3	3	3		4		





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